

### About the International Comparison Program

The International Comparison Program (ICP) is the largest worldwide data collection initiative, implemented under the guidance of the United Nations Statistical Commission (UNSC) with the objective of producing comparable price and volume measures of national accounts aggregates across the economies of the world. Along with purchasing power parities (PPPs), the ICP produces price level indexes (PLIs) and other comparable aggregates of gross domestic product (GDP) expenditure and its components.

More specifically, the PPPs are used to compute real measures of GDP, its main aggregates, and selected expenditure aggregates at level below the main aggregates. The main aggregates include individual consumption expenditure by households (ICEH) and nonprofit institutions serving households (NPISH), individual consumption expenditure by government (ICEG), collective consumption expenditure by government (CCEG), government final consumption expenditure (GFCE), gross capital formation (GCF), gross fixed capital formation (GFCF), changes in inventories, acquisitions less disposals of valuables, and balance of exports and imports. These measures allow more meaningful inter-economy comparisons, as they correct for distortions due to differences in the price levels between economies.

#### The International Comparison Program in Asia and the Pacific

The Asian Development Bank (ADB), through its Economic Research and Development Impact Department, has been the regional implementing agency (RIA) of the ICP for Asia and the Pacific since the 2005 ICP round. ADB in its capacity as the RIA was responsible for coordinating with the 21 economies that participated in the 2021 ICP. These 21 economies are: Bangladesh; Bhutan; Brunei Darussalam; Cambodia; Fiji; Hong Kong, China; India; Indonesia; the Lao People's Democratic Republic; Malaysia; Maldives; Mongolia; Nepal; Pakistan; the People's Republic of China; the Philippines; Singapore; Sri Lanka; Taipei, China; Thailand; and Viet Nam. Myanmar was among the 22 participating economies in the 2017 ICP.

### Concepts and Measures

Purchasing Power Parity	The amount of currency units required to purchase a common basket of goods and services in an economy that can be purchased with one unit of the reference currency in the reference economy.
Price Level Index	The ratio of PPP to exchange rate with respect to a common reference currency. PLI expresses the general price level in an economy as percentage of reference economy's price level and shows how the price levels of economies compare with each other. The PLI of the reference economy is 100. A PLI greater than 100 means that when the national average prices are converted at exchange rates, the resulting prices tend to be higher on average than prices in the reference economy.
Real Expenditure	Expenditure in the currency units of an economy converted to a common currency by dividing the expenditure by its corresponding PPP, and hence, valued at a uniform price level across economies.
Nominal Expenditure	Expenditure in the currency units of an economy converted to a common currency using the exchange rate of a reference economy without adjusting for the differences in prices of goods and services across economies.
Per Capita Expenditure	Total expenditure divided by the total population of a given economy. Per capita expenditure measures the standard of living in an economy. This can be expressed either in real or nominal terms.
Per Capita Relative Expenditure	Per capita expenditure that has been converted to the relative units of the reference economy by (i) dividing the per capita expenditure of a given economy by the per capita expenditure of the reference economy and (ii) multiplying by 100.
Transitivity	An important property of PPP whereby the direct PPP between any two economies yields the same result as an indirect comparison via any other economy.
Base Economy Invariance	The property under which the relativities between the PPPs, PLIs, and volume indexes of economies are not affected by the choice of reference economy or currency.
Economy Share to Asia and the Pacific	An economy's real or nominal expenditures for an aggregate, expressed as a percentage of the total real or nominal expenditure of all participating economies in Asia and the Pacific.
Shares of Nominal Expenditure	An aggregate's nominal expenditure as a percentage of the total nominal expenditure within the economy.

### Data and Sources

This file has two tables: one for the 2021 ICP results and second for 2017 ICP (revised) results. The tables contain indicator for the 2021 and revised 2017 results of 21 and 22 participating economies of Asia and the Pacific, respectively. These include PPPs, PLIs, and GDP and its components such as ICEH and NPISH, ICEG, CCEG, GFCE, GCF, GFCF, changes in inventories, acquisitions less disposals of valuables, balance of exports and imports, and lower levels of national accounts aggregates. In addition to these, other real expenditure measures such as actual individual consumption by households (AICH), which is the aggregate of ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG, is also presented. The five components of AICH which include ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG are (i) housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels; (ii) health; (iii) recreation and culture; (iv) education; and (v) miscellaneous goods and services. In contrast, expenditures for the other AICH components of food and nonfood household consumption are incurred by households only. Results are also presented for another broad aggregate called "domestic absorption," which represents the domestic expenditures as aggregate of AICH, CCEG, GFCF, changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables; and "total consumption," which represents the consumption of households, NPISH, and the government.

The ICP results are compiled with Hong Kong, China as the reference economy and the Hong Kong dollar as the reference currency. The PPPs for the expenditures aggregates at all levels were derived using the Gini-Éltető-Köves-Szulc (GEKS) method. The real expenditure for each aggregate is derived by dividing the expenditures in local currency units by a PPP that is specific to that aggregate, so real expenditure for such an aggregate may not equal the total of its components' real expenditures within an economy. For expenditures in local currency units, participating economies allocated statistical discrepancy (if any) to one or more basic headings based on their best judgment and financial year-based estimates for some economies were converted to calendar year. Due to these adjustments, the expenditures in local currency units in the table for some expenditure aggregates may differ from the published expenditure estimates by the economies. Some PPPs presented are reference PPPs. Detailed list of reference PPPs will be available in the forthcoming reports of 2021 ICP for Asia and the Pacific. When an economy is not able to provide prices for any of the items for any category corresponding to the available GDP expenditures, the PPP for this category is estimated using gap-filling techniques based on country-product-dummy (CPD) by the RIA.

The 2017 revised results are based on (i) revisions in the 2017 estimates of GDP, population, and exchange rates; (ii) implementation of a new, hybrid approach of estimating actual and imputed rentals for housing; (iii) revisions in the economy base information for government compensation; (iv) updates in the underlying data to estimate productivity adjustment factors; and (v) changes in some reference PPPs, including the adoption of the two-stage referencing.

The results presented in these tables are produced by ADB as the ICP Asia and the Pacific regional implementing agency, based on data supplied by all the participating economies, in accordance with the methodology recommended by the ICP Technical Advisory Group and endorsed by the 2021 ICP Asia and the Pacific Regional Advisory Board. As such, these results are not produced by participating economies as part of the economies' official statistics.

Expenditure Categories	
Gross domestic product	AICH at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> CCEG at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> GCF at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> the FOB value of exports of goods and services less the FOB value of imports of goods and services.
Actual individual consumption by households	The total value of the ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG at purchasers' prices.
Food and nonalcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on food products and nonalcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It excludes expenditures on food products and nonalcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors; cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises; cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home; and products sold specifically as pet foods.
Food	Household expenditure on food products purchased for consumption at home. It excludes food products sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, etc.; cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises; cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home; and products sold specifically as pet food.
Bread and cereals	Household expenditure on rice; other cereals, flour, and other cereal products; bread; other bakery products; and pasta products and couscous, purchased for consumption at home.
Meat	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed animals and poultry meat purchased for consumption as food at home. It also includes animals and poultry purchased live for consumption as food.
Fish and seafood	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed fish and seafood purchased for consumption as food at home. It also includes fish and seafood (such as crustaceans, molluscs and other shellfish, sea snails, land crabs, land snails and frogs) purchased live for consumption as food.
Milk, cheese and eggs	Household expenditure on fresh or preserved milk, other milk products such as soya milk, cheese and curd; and egg including egg-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Oils and fats	Household expenditure on butter, margarine and other vegetable fats such as peanut butter; and other edible oils and fats purchased for consumption as food at home.
Fruit	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed fruit and fruit-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Vegetables	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed vegetable and vegetable-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery	Household expenditure on sugar and artificial sugar substitutes; jams, marmalades and honey; and chocolate, confectionery and ice cream purchased for consumption at home.
Food products n.e.c.	Household expenditure on sauces and condiments; salt, spices and culinary herbs; baby food; ready-made meals when the price only covers the cost of the product; and other food products not elsewhere classified purchased for consumption at home.
Nonalcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on nonalcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It excludes nonalcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors.
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	Household expenditure on alcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It includes low or nonalcoholic beverages that are generally alcoholic such as nonalcoholic beer, and excludes alcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors; and household expenditure on tobacco (which covers all purchases of tobacco, including purchases of tobacco in cafés, bars, restaurants, and service stations).
Alcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on alcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It includes low or nonalcoholic beverages which are generally alcoholic such as nonalcoholic beer, and excludes alcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors.
Tobacco and narcotics	Household expenditure on tobacco, including purchases of tobacco in cafés, bars, restaurants, service stations; and narcotics.
Clothing and footwear	Household expenditure on clothing materials; other articles of clothing and clothing accessories; garments for men, women, children, and infants; cleaning, repair, and hire of clothing; all footwear for men, women, children, and infants; and repair and hire of footwear.
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	Household expenditure on actual and imputed rentals for housing; maintenance and repair of the dwelling; water supply and miscellaneous services related to the dwelling; and electricity, gas, and other fuels <i>plus</i> expenditure by NPISH on housing <i>plus</i> ICEG on housing services provided to individuals.
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	Household expenditure on furniture and furnishings; carpets and other floor coverings; repair of furniture, furnishings and floor coverings; household textiles; household appliances; glassware, tableware, and household utensils; tools and equipment for house and garden; and goods and services for routine household maintenance.
Health	Household expenditure on pharmaceuticals; medical products, appliances, and equipment; outpatient services; and hospital services <i>plus</i> expenditure of NPISH on health <i>plus</i> ICEG on health benefits and reimbursements, and the production of health services.
Transportation	Household expenditure on purchase of vehicles, operation of personal transport equipment, and transport services.
Purchase of vehicles	Household expenditure on purchase of new and second-hand motor cars; motor cycles of all types, scooters and powered bicycles; bicycles and tricycles of all types; and animal-drawn vehicles, which include animals required to draw the vehicles and related equipment such as yokes, collars, harnesses, bridles, and reins.
Transport services	Household expenditure on purchases of transport services classified by mode of transport; cost of meals, snacks, drinks, refreshments or accommodation services must be included if covered by the fare and not separately priced. It includes school transport services but excludes ambulance services and package holidays.

Expenditure Categories	
Communication	Household expenditure on postal services, telephone and telefax equipment, and telephone and telefax services.
Recreation and culture	Household expenditure on audiovisual, photographic, and information processing equipment; other major durables for recreation and culture; other recreational items and equipment; gardens and pets; recreational and cultural services; newspapers, books, and stationery; and package holidays <i>plus</i> expenditure by NPISH on recreation and culture <i>plus</i> ICEG on recreation and culture.
Education	Household expenditure on pre-primary, primary, secondary, post-secondary, and tertiary education <i>plus</i> expenditure of NPISH on education <i>plus</i> ICEG on education benefits and reimbursements and the production of education services.
Restaurants and hotels	Household expenditure on food products and beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors (including cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises and cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home) and household expenditure on accommodation services provided by hotels and similar establishments.
Miscellaneous goods and services	Household expenditure on personal care, personal effects, social protection, insurance, and financial and other services <i>plus</i> expenditure by NPISH on social protection and other services <i>plus</i> ICEG on social protection.
Net purchases abroad	Purchases by residential households in the rest of the world (as tourists, people traveling on business, and government officials, crews, border and seasonal workers, diplomatic and military personal stationed abroad) <i>less</i> purchases by nonresidential households in the economic territory of the country (as tourists, people traveling on business, and government officials, crews, border and seasonal workers, diplomatic and military personal stationed abroad). Zero expenditure values for net purchases abroad may imply that this expenditure category is allocated under other GDP expenditure components based on the best judgments of the implementing agencies of the participating economies.
Individual consumption expenditure by government	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by government on individual goods and services. These include expenditures incurred by the government considered to be individual services such as housing, health, recreation and culture, education, and social protection.
Collective consumption expenditure by government	The final consumption expenditure of government on collective services or the service provided by the government simultaneously to all members of the community.
Gross capital formation	GFCF, changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables.
Gross fixed capital formation	The total value of acquisitions less disposals of fixed assets by resident institutional units during the accounting period <i>plus</i> the additions to the value of nonproduced assets realized by the productive activity of resident institutional units.
Machinery and equipment	Capital expenditure on fabricated metal products, electrical and optical equipment, general-purpose machinery, special-purpose machinery, and transport equipment.
Construction	Capital expenditure on the construction of new structures and renovation of existing structures. Structures include residential buildings, nonresidential buildings, and civil engineering works.
Other products	Capital expenditure on furniture and other manufactured goods; computer software that a producer expects to use in production for more than one year; plantation, orchard, and vineyard development; change in stocks including breeding stock, draught animals, dairy cattle, and animals raised for wool clippings; land improvement, including dams and dikes that are part of flood control and irrigation projects; mineral exploration; acquisition of entertainment, literary, or artistic originals; and other intangible fixed assets such as research and development, weapons and ammunition; and ownership transfer costs on nonproduced assets, including ownership transfer costs relating to land.
Changes in inventories	The value of physical change in inventories of raw materials, supplies and finished goods held by producers; inventories of goods acquired for resale by wholesalers and retailers; inventories of all goods stored by government; work-in-progress in manufacturing, construction and service industries; work-in-progress on cultivated assets (e.g., the natural growth prior to harvest of agricultural crops, vineyards, orchards, plantations and timber tracts and the natural growth in livestock raised for slaughter).
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	Acquisitions of valuables (produced assets, such as nonmonetary gold, precious stones, antiques, paintings, sculptures and other art objects, that are not used primarily for production or consumption but purchased and held as stores of value) <i>less</i> disposals of valuables.
Balance of exports and imports	The FOB value of exports of goods and services <i>less</i> the FOB value of imports of goods and services.
Individual consumption expenditure by households	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by households for goods and services consumed by the households. In the context of ICP in Asia and the Pacific, also includes the individual consumption expenditure by NPISH.
Individual consumption expenditure by households without housing	ICEH and NPISH, without actual and imputed rentals for housing and excluding expenditure by NPISH on housing.
Government final consumption expenditure	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by government on individual goods and services and final consumption expenditure of government on collective services.
Domestic absorption	AICH at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> CCEG at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> GFCF at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables.
Total consumption	AICH at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> CCEG at purchasers' prices.

AICH = actual individual consumption by households; CCEG = collective consumption expenditure by government; FOB = free on board; GCF = gross capital formation; GDP = gross domestic product; GFCF = gross fixed capital formation; ICEG = Individual consumption expenditure by government; ICEH = individual consumption expenditure by households; NPISH = nonprofit institutions serving households.  
Source: Asian Development Bank (Economic Research and Development Impact Department).

## 2021 International Comparison Program for Asia and the Pacific

### Per Capita Nominal Expenditure Index, 2021

(Asia and the Pacific = 100)

Expenditure Category	BAN	BHU	BRU	CAM	FJI	HKG	IND	INO	LAO	MAL	MLD	MON	NEP	PAK	PHI	PRC	SIN	SRI	TAP	THA	VIE	AP	
Gross Domestic Product	38	54	468	24	71	733	33	64	38	169	136	69	19	25	53	186	1,172	59	485	107	55	100	
Actual Individual Consumption by Households <sup>a</sup>	52	65	280	33	127	1,015	43	75	37	217	151	80	33	43	84	163	760	77	501	132	65	100	
Food and nonalcoholic beverages	129	108	185	74	192	433	59	107	80	250	137	137	93	70	145	126	266	114	293	149	74	100	
Food	134	104	168	74	191	423	61	99	74	247	120	131	96	69	139	127	254	111	288	137	74	100	
Bread and cereals	291	141	181	110	197	236	67	127	110	202	51	75	171	63	241	86	226	154	312	144	101	100	
Meat	40	43	150	67	117	684	11	70	89	156	28	283	56	52	220	117	220	17	254	78	97	100	
Fish and seafood	186	34	282	100	143	835	45	162	124	260	0	27	5	245	115	115	404	81	410	167	109	100	
Milk, cheese and eggs	59	168	149	57	224	164	102	96	39	221	114	311	96	188	110	91	147	74	150	93	28	100	
Oils and fats	110	211	121	60	250	88	85	99	5	306	125	43	173	130	65	105	159	307	90	146	39	100	
Fruit	40	51	137	31	53	403	80	99	25	289	139	26	48	40	60	132	277	50	462	140	42	100	
Vegetables	111	177	118	65	421	259	61	51	59	217	132	39	119	48	87	141	246	78	366	299	48	100	
Sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery	57	88	276	63	319	389	57	111	55	380	146	188	119	145	112	130	368	86	195	118	37	100	
Food products n.e.c.	257	30	188	73	69	658	106	119	65	373	392	18	48	22	67	76	429	440	176	26	88	100	
Nonalcoholic beverages	13	219	579	71	208	682	21	300	215	336	390	285	31	84	282	106	566	185	400	435	70	100	
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	42	74	18	47	826	239	37	237	150	145	152	177	61	15	64	151	535	41	444	145	58	100	
Alcoholic beverages	n.a.	145	n.a.	98	2,987	462	35	13	502	251	n.a.	276	158	n.a.	79	174	806	80	386	343	172	100	
Tobacco and narcotics	57	49	24	29	79	162	37	314	29	108	204	144	27	21	59	143	441	28	464	76	19	100	
Clothing and footwear	71	71	164	17	97	947	53	164	53	12	129	102	62	22	66	31	165	439	66	468	85	38	100
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels <sup>a</sup>	56	45	264	30	54	1,111	35	52	31	210	258	57	28	61	65	177	768	46	547	76	51	100	
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	48	64	587	16	173	1,476	32	82	61	262	206	54	17	40	62	168	852	45	622	132	89	100	
Health <sup>a</sup>	19	55	187	37	83	1,186	30	43	13	151	178	57	19	32	52	185	1,033	60	638	182	70	100	
Transportation	23	48	363	24	91	451	67	89	25	205	82	67	10	29	66	147	697	159	469	148	70	100	
Purchase of vehicles	13	63	555	28	145	343	28	106	40	156	93	110	20	6	44	184	901	3	596	150	141	100	
Transport services	67	59	143	27	139	715	146	62	5	27	191	32	8	49	131	66	933	423	226	140	52	100	
Communication	9	96	273	3	168	1,155	35	102	20	669	386	107	17	27	83	160	843	28	425	91	171	100	
Recreation and culture <sup>a</sup>	29	73	538	25	34	3,003	13	91	27	220	67	44	25	59	35	162	2,184	195	1,025	204	91	100	
Education <sup>a</sup>	26	66	329	22	132	686	34	56	18	159	150	81	15	23	67	192	671	29	346	118	55	100	
Restaurants and hotels	24	36	205	27	10	1,321	10	134	40	296	122	10	9	21	92	179	1,039	46	795	186	67	100	
Miscellaneous goods and services <sup>a</sup>	15	39	315	5	83	1,802	44	26	2	156	79	38	6	23	92	177	1,159	65	603	125	35	100	
Net purchases abroad	-	-	10,868	457	-	-	129	-	-4,384	3,575	-	3,833	-175	-	-	-	-2,534	-345	363	-	1,216	100	
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Government	4	82	437	20	103	644	22	44	14	209	216	69	11	17	49	202	763	52	625	181	46	100	
Collective Consumption Expenditure by Government	23	86	921	7	124	644	27	39	50	110	150	72	12	19	62	206	929	30	347	107	30	100	
Gross Capital Formation	32	62	480	18	40	319	26	54	45	97	87	61	22	10	29	209	731	56	345	80	50	100	
Gross fixed capital formation	32	64	393	15	37	333	26	53	47	88	104	50	16	9	32	211	705	42	344	68	46	100	
Machinery and equipment	23	133	765	28	53	303	36	54	111	204	81	22	14	32	196	781	43	568	153	49	100		
Construction	41	49	266	12	33	344	23	64	33	74	70	38	14	6	32	216	443	44	201	34	53	100	
Other products	10	4	291	1	25	338	18	36	100	112	79	46	12	15	32	217	1,816	28	603	72	10	100	
Changes in inventories	31	12	3,293	86	139	-41	-8	92	-	396	-436	411	212	33	-51	186	1,695	491	451	465	185	100	
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	0	29	-	117	-	-	276	-	-	32	-	30	1	12	1	-	-	125	53	-	-	100	
Balance of Exports and Imports	-122	-457	2,732	-15	-853	1,802	-35	74	-100	539	575	-61	-294	-115	-279	213	18,789	-192	3,040	-2	3	100	
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households <sup>b</sup>	59	63	259	35	130	1,062	45	80	40	218	143	81	36	47	88	158	759	80	485	126	67	100	
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households without Housing <sup>b</sup>	60	65	252	36	138	1,014	46	82	41	225	125	83	36	45	92	157	730	84	454	132	71	100	
Government Final Consumption Expenditure	15	85	729	12	116	644	25	41	36	149	176	71	11	18	57	204	863	39	457	136	36	100	
Domestic Absorption	42	66	416	25	92	708	35	64	41	160	126	72	27	28	60	185	763	65	426	109	56	100	
Total Consumption	48	68	374	30	126	960	40	70	39	202	151	79	30	40	81	170	785	70	478	128	60	100	

#### Reference Data

Exchange rate (Local Currency Units/Hong Kong dollar)	10.95	9.51	0.17	527.23	0.27	1.00	9.51	1,840.51	1,247.48	0.53	1.98	366.52	15.20	20.92	6.34	0.83	0.17	25.58	3.60	4.11	2,979.15
Total Population (in million)	170.26	0.76	0.44	16.59	0.89	7.41	1,367.17	272.68	7.34	32.58	0.57	3.28	29.06	224.78	110.20	1,412.36	5.45	22.16	23.47	69.69	98.51

0 = magnitude is less than half of the unit employed; - = magnitude equals zero.

AP = Asia and the Pacific; BAN = Bangladesh; BHU = Bhutan; BRU = Brunei Darussalam; CAM = Cambodia; FJI = Fiji; HKG = Hong Kong, China; IND = India; INO = Indonesia; LAO = Lao People's Democratic Republic; MAL = Malaysia; MLD = Maldives; MON = Mongolia; n.a. = not applicable; n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified; NEP = Nepal; PAK = Pakistan; PHI = Philippines; PRC = People's Republic of China; SIN = Singapore; SRI = Sri Lanka; TAP = Taipei, China; THA = Thailand; VIE = Viet Nam.

<sup>a</sup> Includes individual consumption expenditure by households, nonprofit institutions serving households, and government.

<sup>b</sup> Includes expenditure by nonprofit institutions serving households.

Notes:

- Expenditure aggregates in local currency units presented are the best possible estimates provided by the participating economies, using most recent available data sources, and some of these aggregates may be different from the published expenditure estimates by the economies.
- Mid-year population estimates and exchange rates were supplied by the participating economies for the International Comparison Program.

Source: Asian Development Bank estimates.

