

About the International Comparison Program

The International Comparison Program (ICP) is the largest worldwide data collection initiative, implemented under the guidance of the United Nations Statistical Commission (UNSC) with the objective of producing comparable price and volume measures of national accounts aggregates across the economies of the world. Along with purchasing power parities (PPPs), the ICP produces price level indexes (PLIs) and other comparable aggregates of gross domestic product (GDP) expenditure and its components.

More specifically, the PPPs are used to compute real measures of GDP, its main aggregates, and selected expenditure aggregates at level below the main aggregates. The main aggregates include individual consumption expenditure by households (ICEH) and nonprofit institutions serving households (NPISH), individual consumption expenditure by government (ICEG), collective consumption expenditure by government (CCEG), government final consumption expenditure (GFCE), gross capital formation (GCF), gross fixed capital formation (GFCF), changes in inventories, acquisitions less disposals of valuables, and balance of exports and imports. These measures allow more meaningful inter-economy comparisons, as they correct for distortions due to differences in the price levels between economies.

The International Comparison Program in Asia and the Pacific

The Asian Development Bank (ADB), through its Economic Research and Development Impact Department, has been the regional implementing agency (RIA) of the ICP for Asia and the Pacific since the 2005 ICP round. ADB in its capacity as the RIA was responsible for coordinating with the 21 economies that participated in the 2021 ICP. These 21 economies are: Bangladesh; Bhutan; Brunei Darussalam; Cambodia; Fiji; Hong Kong, China; India; Indonesia; the Lao People's Democratic Republic; Malaysia; Maldives; Mongolia; Nepal; Pakistan; the People's Republic of China; the Philippines; Singapore; Sri Lanka; Taipei, China; Thailand; and Viet Nam. Myanmar was among the 22 participating economies in the 2017 ICP.

Concepts and Measures	
Purchasing Power Parity	The amount of currency units required to purchase a common basket of goods and services in an economy that can be purchased with one unit of the reference currency in the reference economy.
Price Level Index	The ratio of PPP to exchange rate with respect to a common reference currency. PLI expresses the general price level in an economy as percentage of reference economy's price level and shows how the price levels of economies compare with each other. The PLI of the reference economy is 100. A PLI greater than 100 means that when the national average prices are converted at exchange rates, the resulting prices tend to be higher on average than prices in the reference economy.
Real Expenditure	Expenditure in the currency units of an economy converted to a common currency by dividing the expenditure by its corresponding PPP, and hence, valued at a uniform price level across economies.
Nominal Expenditure	Expenditure in the currency units of an economy converted to a common currency using the exchange rate of a reference economy without adjusting for the differences in prices of goods and services across economies.
Per Capita Expenditure	Total expenditure divided by the total population of a given economy. Per capita expenditure measures the standard of living in an economy. This can be expressed either in real or nominal terms.
Per Capita Relative Expenditure	Per capita expenditure that has been converted to the relative units of the reference economy by (i) dividing the per capita expenditure of a given economy by the per capita expenditure of the reference economy and (ii) multiplying by 100.
Transitivity	An important property of PPP whereby the direct PPP between any two economies yields the same result as an indirect comparison via any other economy.
Base Economy Invariance	The property under which the relativities between the PPPs, PLIs, and volume indexes of economies are not affected by the choice of reference economy or currency.
Economy Share to Asia and the Pacific	An economy's real or nominal expenditures for an aggregate, expressed as a percentage of the total real or nominal expenditure of all participating economies in Asia and the Pacific.
Shares of Nominal Expenditure	An aggregate's nominal expenditure as a percentage of the total nominal expenditure within the economy.

Data and Sources

This file has two tables: one for the 2021 ICP results and second for 2017 ICP (revised) results. The tables contain indicator for the 2021 and revised 2017 results of 21 and 22 participating economies of Asia and the Pacific, respectively. These include PPPs, PLIs, and GDP and its components such as ICEH and NPISH, ICEG, CCEG, GFCE, GCF, GFCF, changes in inventories, acquisitions less disposals of valuables, balance of exports and imports, and lower levels of national accounts aggregates. In addition to these, other real expenditure measures such as actual individual consumption by households (AICH), which is the aggregate of ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG is also presented. The five components of AICH which include ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG are (i) housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels; (ii) health; (iii) recreation and culture; (iv) education; and (v) miscellaneous goods and services. In contrast, expenditures for the other AICH components of food and nonfood household consumption are incurred by households only. Results are also presented for another broad aggregate called "domestic absorption," which represents the domestic expenditures as aggregate of AICH, CCEG, GFCF, changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables; and "total consumption," which represents the consumption of households, NPISH, and the government.

The ICP results are compiled with Hong Kong, China as the reference economy and the Hong Kong dollar as the reference currency. The PPPs for the expenditures aggregates at all levels were derived using the Gini-Éltető-Köves-Szulc (GEKS) method. The real expenditure for each aggregate is derived by dividing the expenditures in local currency units by a PPP that is specific to that aggregate, so real expenditure for such an aggregate may not equal the total of its components' real expenditures within an economy. For expenditures in local currency units, participating economies allocated statistical discrepancy (if any) to one or more basic headings based on their best judgment and financial year-based estimates for some economies were converted to calendar year. Due to these adjustments, the expenditures in local currency units in the table for some expenditure aggregates may differ from the published expenditure estimates by the economies. Some PPPs presented are reference PPPs. Detailed list of reference PPPs will be available in the forthcoming reports of 2021 ICP for Asia and the Pacific. When an economy is not able to provide prices for any of the items for any category corresponding to the available GDP expenditures, the PPP for this category is estimated using gap-filling techniques based on country-product-dummy (CPD) by the RIA.

The 2017 revised results are based on (i) revisions in the 2017 estimates of GDP, population, and exchange rates; (ii) implementation of a new, hybrid approach of estimating actual and imputed rentals for housing; (iii) revisions in the economy base information for government compensation; (iv) updates in the underlying data to estimate productivity adjustment factors; and (v) changes in some reference PPPs, including the adoption of the two-stage referencing.

The results presented in these tables are produced by ADB as the ICP Asia and the Pacific regional implementing agency, based on data supplied by all the participating economies, in accordance with the methodology recommended by the ICP Technical Advisory Group and endorsed by the 2021 ICP Asia and the Pacific Regional Advisory Board. As such, these results are not produced by participating economies as part of the economies' official statistics.

Expenditure Categories	
Gross domestic product	AICH at purchasers' prices plus CCEG at purchasers' prices plus GCF at purchasers' prices plus the FOB value of exports of goods and services less the FOB value of imports of goods and services.
Actual individual consumption by households	The total value of the ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG at purchasers' prices.
Food and nonalcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on food products and nonalcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It excludes expenditures on food products and nonalcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors; cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises; cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home; and products sold specifically as pet foods.
Food	Household expenditure on food products purchased for consumption at home. It excludes food products sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, etc.; cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises; cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home; and products sold specifically as pet food.
Bread and cereals	Household expenditure on rice; other cereals, flour, and other cereal products; bread; other bakery products; and pasta products and couscous, purchased for consumption at home.
Meat	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed animals and poultry meat purchased for consumption as food at home. It also includes animals and poultry purchased live for consumption as food.
Fish and seafood	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed fish and seafood purchased for consumption as food at home. It also includes fish and seafood (such as crustaceans, molluscs and other shellfish, sea snails, land crabs, land snails and frogs) purchased live for consumption as food.
Milk, cheese and eggs	Household expenditure on fresh or preserved milk, other milk products such as soya milk, cheese and curd; and egg including egg-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Oils and fats	Household expenditure on butter, margarine and other vegetable fats such as peanut butter; and other edible oils and fats purchased for consumption as food at home.
Fruit	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed fruit and fruit-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Vegetables	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed vegetable and vegetable-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery	Household expenditure on sugar and artificial sugar substitutes; jams, marmalades and honey; and chocolate, confectionery and ice cream purchased for consumption at home.
Food products n.e.c.	Household expenditure on sauces and condiments; salt, spices and culinary herbs; baby food; ready-made meals when the price only covers the cost of the product; and other food products not elsewhere classified purchased for consumption at home.
Nonalcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on nonalcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It excludes nonalcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors.
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	Household expenditure on alcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It includes low or nonalcoholic beverages that are generally alcoholic such as nonalcoholic beer, and excludes alcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors; and household expenditure on tobacco (which covers all purchases of tobacco, including purchases of tobacco in cafés, bars, restaurants, and service stations).
Alcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on alcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It includes low or nonalcoholic beverages which are generally alcoholic such as nonalcoholic beer, and excludes alcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors.
Tobacco and narcotics	$Household\ expenditure\ on\ tobacco,\ including\ purchases\ of\ tobacco\ in\ cafés,\ bars,\ restaurants,\ service\ stations;\ and\ narcotics.$
Clothing and footwear	Household expenditure on clothing materials; other articles of clothing and clothing accessories; garments for men, women, children, and infants; cleaning, repair, and hire of clothing; all footwear for men, women, children, and infants; and repair and hire of footwear.
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	Household expenditure on actual and imputed rentals for housing; maintenance and repair of the dwelling; water supply and miscellaneous services related to the dwelling; and electricity, gas, and other fuels <i>plus</i> expenditure by NPISH on housing <i>plus</i> ICEG on housing services provided to individuals.
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	Household expenditure on furniture and furnishings; carpets and other floor coverings; repair of furniture, furnishings and floor coverings; household textiles; household appliances; glassware, tableware, and household utensils; tools and equipment for house and garden; and goods and services for routine household maintenance.
Health	Household expenditure on pharmaceuticals; medical products, appliances, and equipment; outpatient services; and hospital services <i>plus</i> expenditure of NPISH on health <i>plus</i> ICEG on health benefits and reimbursements, and the production of health services.
Transportation	Household expenditure on purchase of vehicles, operation of personal transport equipment, and transport services.
Purchase of vehicles	Household expenditure on purchase of new and second-hand motor cars; motor cycles of all types, scooters and powered bicycles; bicycles and tricycles of all types; and animal-drawn vehicles, which include animals required to draw the vehicles and related equipment such as yokes, collars, harnesses, bridles, and reins.
Transport services	Household expenditure on purchases of transport services classified by mode of transport; cost of meals, snacks, drinks, refreshments or accommodation services must be included if covered by the fare and not separately priced. It includes school transport services but excludes ambulance services and package holidays.

Expenditure Categories	
Communication	Household expenditure on postal services, telephone and telefax equipment, and telephone and telefax services.
Recreation and culture	Household expenditure on audiovisual, photographic, and information processing equipment; other major durables for recreation and culture; other recreational items and equipment; gardens and pets; recreational and cultural services; newspapers, books, and stationery; and package holidays <i>plus</i> expenditure by NPISH on recreation and culture <i>plus</i> ICEG on recreation and culture.
Education	Household expenditure on pre-primary, primary, secondary, post-secondary, and tertiary education <i>plus</i> expenditure of NPISH on education <i>plus</i> ICEG on education benefits and reimbursements and the production of education services.
Restaurants and hotels	Household expenditure on food products and beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors (including cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises and cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home) and household expenditure on accommodation services provided by hotels and similar establishments.
Miscellaneous goods and services	Household expenditure on personal care, personal effects, social protection, insurance, and financial and other services <i>plus</i> expenditure by NPISH on social protection and other services <i>plus</i> ICEG on social protection.
Net purchases abroad	Purchases by residential households in the rest of the world (as tourists, people traveling on business, and government officials, crews, border and seasonal workers, diplomatic and military personal stationed abroad) <i>less</i> purchases by nonresidential households in the economic territory of the country (as tourists, people traveling on business, and government officials, crews, border and seasonal workers, diplomatic and military personal stationed abroad). Zero expenditure values for net purchases abroad may imply that this expenditure category is allocated under other GDP expenditure components based on the best judgments of the implementing agencies of the participating economies.
Individual consumption expenditure by government	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by government on individual goods and services. These include expenditures incurred by the government considered to be individual services such as housing, health, recreation and culture, education, and social protection.
Collective consumption expenditure by government	The final consumption expenditure of government on collective services or the service provided by the government simultaneously to all members of the community.
Gross capital formation	GFCF, changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables.
Gross fixed capital formation	The total value of acquisitions less disposals of fixed assets by resident institutional units during the accounting period <i>plus</i> the additions to the value of nonproduced assets realized by the productive activity of resident institutional units.
Machinery and equipment	Capital expenditure on fabricated metal products, electrical and optical equipment, general-purpose machinery, special- purpose machinery, and transport equipment.
Construction	Capital expenditure on the construction of new structures and renovation of existing structures. Structures include residential buildings, nonresidential buildings, and civil engineering works.
Other products	Capital expenditure on furniture and other manufactured goods; computer software that a producer expects to use in production for more than one year; plantation, orchard, and vineyard development; change in stocks including breeding stock, draught animals, dairy cattle, and animals raised for wool clippings; land improvement, including dams and dikes that are part of flood control and irrigation projects; mineral exploration; acquisition of entertainment, literary, or artistic originals; and other intangible fixed assets such as research and development, weapons and ammunition; and ownership transfer costs on nonproduced assets, including ownership transfer costs relating to land.
Changes in inventories	The value of physical change in inventories of raw materials, supplies and finished goods held by producers; inventories of goods acquired for resale by wholesalers and retailers; inventories of all goods stored by government; work-in-progress in manufacturing, construction and service industries; work-in-progress on cultivated assets (e.g., the natural growth prior to harvest of agricultural crops, vineyards, orchards, plantations and timber tracts and the natural growth in livestock raised for slaughter).
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	Acquisitions of valuables (produced assets, such as nonmonetary gold, precious stones, antiques, paintings, sculptures and other art objects, that are not used primarily for production or consumption but purchased and held as stores of value) <i>less</i> disposals of valuables.
Balance of exports and imports	The FOB value of exports of goods and services less the FOB value of imports of goods and services.
Individual consumption expenditure by households	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by households for goods and services consumed by the households. In the context of ICP in Asia and the Pacific, also includes the individual consumption expenditure by NPISH.
Individual consumption expenditure by households without housing	ICEH and NPISH, without actual and imputed rentals for housing and excluding expenditure by NPISH on housing.
Government final consumption expenditure	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by government on individual goods and services and final consumption expenditure of government on collective services.
Domestic absorption	AICH at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> CCEG at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> GFCF at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables.
	AICH at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> CCEG at purchasers' prices.

AICH = actual individual consumption by households; CCEG = collective consumption expenditure by government; FOB = free on board; GCF = gross capital formation; GDP = gross domestic product; GFCF = gross fixed capital formation; ICEG = Individual consumption expenditure by government; ICEH = individual consumption expenditure by households; NPISH = nonprofit institutions serving households. Source: Asian Development Bank (Economic Research and Development Impact Department).

(Asia and the Pacific = 100)

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Actual Individual Concumution by Householde	3 5	3 6	3 6	200	R 6	170	2 2	6 F	5 04		21	3 4	è é							
Actual individual Consumption by Frousenous- Food and nonalcoholic heverages	94	<u>ب</u>	11	00	104	186	90	98	97		114	8 48	74							
Food	К	8	113	66	103	189	64	66	98		114	5 68	74							
Bread and cereals	105	8 8	90	97	102	174	67	101	107		118	92	79							
Meat	6	76	109	86	86	157	66	80	80		83	51	66							
Fish and seafood	93	93	66	98	89	206	69	76	83	88	54	133	88	55 84		143 15	157 55	5 154	4 83	93
Milk, cheese and eggs	112	102	130	128	128	207	70	113	117		135	104	80							
Oils and fats	94	66	85	100	89	144	77	120	90		80	94	81							
Fruit	86	86	140	101	115	226	60	108	91		199	159	83							
Vegetables	70	66	207	123	142	238	60	128	123		275	190	62							
Sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery	106	74	100	85	87	182	60	108	84		114	95	78							
Food products n.e.c.	100	83	97	82	112	199	75	114	112		121	108	74							
Nonalcoholic beverages	93	70	102	96	131	142	74	90	85		102	93	82							
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	75	47	85	40	157	135	107	79	53		157	43	89							
Alcoholic beverages	n.a.	45	n.a.	69	109	83	90	120	70		n.a.	69	114							
Tobacco and narcotics	75	52	88	26	307	212	121	71	35		174	33	70							
Clothing and footwear	77	99	92	70	82	121	45	85	65		L51	73	53							
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels ^a	60	38	89	110	83	259	55	71	67		261	93	60							
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	59	69	74	73	66	134	55	75	69		100	85	61							
Healtha	54	4	103	61	98	278	47	86	44		L07	46	39							
Transportation	100	84	87	119	103	173	84	85	113		137	78	116							
Purchase of vehicles	151	122	117	166	114	157	81	111	132		260	94	178							
Transport services	90	80	83	121	117	195	88	103	146		139	82	97							
Communication	17	102	163	92	117	148	42	106	63		189	126	47							
Recreation and culture ^a	79	64	110	78	66	128	65	78	67		L28	78	55							
Education ^a	45	30	78	43	17	198	44	20	21		84	31	30							
Restaurants and hotels	61	43	102	72	135	142	60	69	74		106	67	56							
Miscellaneous goods and services ^a	69	22	81	68	6	134	56	69	67		L05	61	60							
Net purchases abroad	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100							
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Government	49	27	56	46	74	159	65	4	26		67	35	40							
Collective Consumption Expenditure by Government	22	27	45	00	73	139	66	49	37		72	33	54							
Gross Capital Formation	72	73	78	65	84	135	61	64	72		92	72	65							
Gross fixed capital formation	12	73	77	63	83	136	61	63	72		92	73	99							
Machinery and equipment	εų 1	94	80		16	88	6/	68 1	88 (93	85	82							
Construction	19	3 8	7 7	75	5	192 01	i L	78	79		96 26	99	رد ۲۵							
Other products	З ł	<u> </u>	χ Ω	S ł	76	χ ζ ζ ζ	71	× ×	Ω ł		9 <u>,</u> 6	ŝ	Do C							
Changes in inventories	0/ 0	1,1	x Q	ť\ م	5	071	n c	/ 00	۲/ ۲		80.00	607	02							
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	3	3																		
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Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households ^b	76	64	100	85	101	182	58	83	74		L47	74	63							
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households without Housing ^b	79	88	97	83	104	169	59	85	75		L29	72	64				_			
Government Final Consumption Expenditure	53	27	49	52	73	148	66	46	34	66	70	30	47			127 11	114 3	32 82		39
Domestic Absorption	69	56	81	72	89	160	58	69	65		112	63	59				_			
Total Consumption	69	51	83	76	93	172	58	73	62		123	61	58							
Reference Data																				
Exchange rate (Local Currency Units/Hong Kong dollar)	10.95	9.51	0.17 527.23	27.23	0.27	1.00	9.51 1.8	51	1,247.48		_									
Total Population (in million)	170.26	0.76	0.44 16.59	16.59	0.89	7.41 1.36	7.17	272.68	34	32.58 0	0.57	3.28 2	29.06 224	224.78 110.20	0 1.412.36	36 5.45	45 22.16	.6 23.47	7 69.69	98.51
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BAN = Bangladesh; BHU = Bhutan; BRU = Brunei Darussalam; CAM = Cambodia; FI = Fiji; HKG = Hong Kong, Ch	nbodia; FIJ	= Fiji; HI	KG = Hon	z Kong, Ci	ina; IND	= India; II	IO = Indone	sia: LAO =	Lao People	's Democra	atic Repu	iblic: MAI	= Malay	ia: MLD =	Maldives; M	ON = Mc	ngolia: n	.a. = not	pplicable	

BAN = Bangladesh; BHU = Bhutan; BRU = Brunei Darussalam; CAM = Cambodia; FIJ = Fiji; HKG = Hong Kong, China; IND = India; INO = Indonesia; LAO = Lao People's Democratic Republic; MAL = Malaysia; MLD = Maldives; MON = Mongolia; n.a. = not applicable; n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified; NEP = Nepal; PAK = Pahilippines; PRC = People's Republic of China; SIN = Singapore; SRI = Sri Lanka; TAP = Taipei, China; THA = Thailand; VIE = Viet Nam. ^a Includes individual consumption expenditure by households, nonprofit institutions serving households, and government. ^b Includes expenditure by nonprofit institutions serving households, and government. Note: Mid-year population estimates and exchange rates were supplied by the participating economies for the International Comparison Program. Source: Asian Development Bank estimates.

2021 International Comparison Program for Asia and the Pacific Price Level Indexes, 2017 Revised

(Asia and the Pacific = 100)

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Expenditure Category		ž			Ē		Ź	ľ	WAL	WLU		¥ Ì		2	ž	2	ñ			VIE 1
Gross Domestic Product	/9		94						2		68	20	09							/9
Actual Individual Consumption by Households ^a	77		102						83	133	73	61	61					_		69
Food and nonalcoholic beverages	92	82 1	121	93 1	113 17				90	108	82	78	76					_		86
Food	93	81 1	121	93 1	112 17				90	107	80	78	75							86
Bread and cereals	101	91 1							91	108	96	87	76							89
Meat	94	71 1	109						11	82	51	74	80							76
Fish and seafood	89	75	98	85 1	104 20				6	54	133	68	96							85
Milk, cheese and eggs	101	89 1	129	110 1	158 20				66	136	66	92	81							104
Oils and fats	105								80	91	86	76	77							97
Fruit	97		152		123 18				95	157	137	74	75							87
Vegetables	68			112 1					125	254	157	87	63							101
Sugar. iam. honev. chocolate and confectionerv	95								73	84	92	89	84							86
Food broducts n.e.c.	06		60	Ċ					ĸ	110	8	61	73							70
Nonalcoholic beverages	91		124					105	28	117	95	5 18	94							84
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	81		95						146	127	5	46	6							50
Alcoholic beverages	n.a.		n.a.					86	130	n.a.	84	75	116							67
Tobacco and narcotics	80		95		Ľ				172	131	41	37	76							38
Clothing and footwear	71		141						77	91	75	57	55							62
Housing water electricity gas and other fuels ^a	59								64	278	105	59	20							80
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	73								65	111	83	55	55							71
Healtha	72		142						112	100	56	46	46							99
Transportation	89								92	163	88	85	111							101
Purchase of vehicles	135								108	326	92	122	172							132
Transport services	79								111	153	104	85	88							113
Communication	73		251						122	193	111	103	48							53
Recreation and culture ^a	71	70 1	122	79	87 11				83	135	75	58	48							67
Education ^a	70		78						92	100	39	33	33							41
Restaurants and hotels	72		89						69	89	81	65	52							62
Miscellaneous goods and services ^a	72								74	96	66	57	63							63
Net purchases abroad	100								100	100	100	100	100							100
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Government	67		65						68	69	29	31	47							39
Collective Consumption Expenditure by Government	<u>66</u>		51	66					63	67	37	37	62							43
Gross Capital Formation	82		96	74					73	91	74	57	72							72
Gross fixed capital formation	82		95	73					72	90	73	56	73							72
Machinery and equipment	115		107	93					84	107	87	73	80							86
Construction	66		87	60					65	79	65	46	69							64
Other products	114		111						84	109	88	71	84							87
Changes in inventories	8					133 69	191	89	8	110	79	2	73		68	125 1	137 9	91 110	91	80
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	100								100	100	100	100	100							100
Balance of Exports and Imports	100	100	100	100	100 10	_			100	100	100	100	100							100
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households ^b	79		107	84 1	106 181				85	143	80	65	64	68	87			74 119	81	73
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households without Housing ^b	82	70	101		111 16				89	129	77	65	64	67						73
Government Final Consumption Expenditure	99		56						65	68	34	35	55	65	_					41
Domestic Absorption	76		94						77	110	68	57	63	99						67
Total Consumption	75	57	92	1	L				80	121	67	57	60	67						65
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Reference Data			10					5	L			ĩ					Ţ			00 010 0
Exchange rate (Local Currency Units/ Hong Nong dollar)	02 C2L	0.50	0/16 TE 7E		0.27 12.00	02.0 0.50	10.01/t	40./CU/T		1. Y	515.U5 1/4.	4 C	15.41 LS.41	71 101 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 1	17 1 206 77		0.10 17.U	17.5 OC.	14.30	2,0/0.20
			40 1						70.26			57					T N			24.47

BAN = Bangladesh; BHU = Bhutan; BRU = Brunei Darussalam; CAM = Cambodia; FJ = Fiji; HKG = Hong Kong, China; INO = India; INO = India; INO = Lao People's Democratic Republic; MAL = Malaysia; MCN = Mongolia; MYA = Myanmar; n.a. = not applicable; n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified; NEP = Nepal; PAK = Pakistan; PHI = Philippines; PRC = People's Republic of China; SIN = Singapore; SRI = Sri Lanka; TAP = Taipei, China; THA = Thailand; VIE = Viet Nam.

^a Includes individual consumption expenditure by households, nonprofit institutions serving households, and government.

^b Includes expenditure by nonprofit institutions serving households.

Notes:

1. Mid-year population estimates and exchange rates were supplied by the participating economies for the International Comparison Program. 2. For Myanmar, population estimates for 2017 was obtained from Central Statistical Organization. Quarterly Bulletin. https://www.csostat.gov.mm/PublicationAndRelease/QuarterlyBulletin (accessed 20 February 2024); data on exchange rate for 2017 was obtained from the International Monetary Fund. International Financial Statistics. http://data.imf.org/ (accessed 26 January 2024).

Source: Asian Development Bank estimates.