

About the International Comparison Program

The International Comparison Program (ICP) is the largest worldwide data collection initiative, implemented under the guidance of the United Nations Statistical Commission (UNSC) with the objective of producing comparable price and volume measures of national accounts aggregates across the economies of the world. Along with purchasing power parities (PPPs), the ICP produces price level indexes (PLIs) and other comparable aggregates of gross domestic product (GDP) expenditure and its components.

More specifically, the PPPs are used to compute real measures of GDP, its main aggregates, and selected expenditure aggregates at level below the main aggregates. The main aggregates include individual consumption expenditure by households (ICEH) and nonprofit institutions serving households (NPISH), individual consumption expenditure by government (ICEG), collective consumption expenditure by government (CCEG), government final consumption expenditure (GFCE), gross capital formation (GCF), gross fixed capital formation (GFCF), changes in inventories, acquisitions less disposals of valuables, and balance of exports and imports. These measures allow more meaningful inter-economy comparisons, as they correct for distortions due to differences in the price levels between economies.

The International Comparison Program in Asia and the Pacific

The Asian Development Bank (ADB), through its Economic Research and Development Impact Department, has been the regional implementing agency (RIA) of the ICP for Asia and the Pacific since the 2005 ICP round. ADB in its capacity as the RIA was responsible for coordinating with the 21 economies that participated in the 2021 ICP. These 21 economies are: Bangladesh; Bhutan; Brunei Darussalam; Cambodia; Fiji; Hong Kong, China; India; Indonesia; the Lao People's Democratic Republic; Malaysia; Maldives; Mongolia; Nepal; Pakistan; the People's Republic of China; the Philippines; Singapore; Sri Lanka; Taipei, China; Thailand; and Viet Nam.

Concepts and Measures

Purchasing Power Parity	The amount of currency units required to purchase a common basket of goods and services in an economy that can be purchased with one unit of the reference currency in the reference economy.
Price Level Index	The ratio of PPP to exchange rate with respect to a common reference currency. PLI expresses the general price level in an economy as percentage of reference economy's price level and shows how the price levels of economies compare with each other. The PLI of the reference economy is 100. A PLI greater than 100 means that when the national average prices are converted at exchange rates, the resulting prices tend to be higher on average than prices in the reference economy.
Real Expenditure	Expenditure in the currency units of an economy converted to a common currency by dividing the expenditure by its corresponding PPP, and hence, valued at a uniform price level across economies.
Nominal Expenditure	Expenditure in the currency units of an economy converted to a common currency using the exchange rate of a reference economy without adjusting for the differences in prices of goods and services across economies.
Per Capita Expenditure	Total expenditure divided by the total population of a given economy. Per capita expenditure measures the standard of living in an economy. This can be expressed either in real or nominal terms.
Per Capita Relative Expenditure	Per capita expenditure that has been converted to the relative units of the reference economy by (i) dividing the per capita expenditure of a given economy by the per capita expenditure of the reference economy and (ii) multiplying by 100.
Transitivity	An important property of PPP whereby the direct PPP between any two economies yields the same result as an indirect comparison via any other economy.
Base Economy Invariance	The property under which the relativities between the PPPs, PLIs, and volume indexes of economies are not affected by the choice of reference economy or currency.
Economy Share to Asia and the Pacific	An economy's real or nominal expenditures for an aggregate, expressed as a percentage of the total real or nominal expenditure of all participating economies in Asia and the Pacific.
Shares of Nominal Expenditure	An aggregate's nominal expenditure as a percentage of the total nominal expenditure within the economy.

Data and Sources

This file has two sheets: one for the 2021 ICP results and second for 2017 ICP (revised) results. Each sheet contains indicators on PPPs, PLIs, and GDP and its components such as ICEH and NPISH, ICEG, CCEG, GFCE, GCF, GFCF, changes in inventories, acquisitions less disposals of valuables, balance of exports and imports, and lower levels of national accounts aggregates. In addition to these, actual individual consumption by households (AICH), which is the aggregate of ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG, is also presented. The five components of AICH are (i) housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels; (ii) health; (iii) recreation and culture; (iv) education; and (v) miscellaneous goods and services. In contrast, expenditures for the other AICH components of food and nonfood household consumption are incurred by households only. Results are also presented for another broad aggregate called "domestic absorption," which represents the domestic expenditures as aggregate of AICH, CCEG, GFCF, changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables; and "total consumption," which represents the total expenditures of households, NPISH, and the government.

The ICP results are compiled with Hong Kong, China as the reference economy and the Hong Kong dollar as the reference currency. The PPPs for the expenditures aggregates at all levels were derived using the Gini-Éltető-Köves-Szulc (GEKS) method. The real expenditure for each aggregate is derived by dividing the expenditures in local currency units by a PPP that is specific to that aggregate, so real expenditure for such an aggregate may not equal the total of its components' real expenditures within an economy. For expenditures in local currency units, participating economies allocated statistical discrepancy (if any) to one or more basic headings based on their best judgment and financial year-based estimates for some economies were converted to calendar year. Due to these adjustments, the expenditures in local currency units in the table for some expenditure aggregates may differ from the published expenditure estimates by the economies. Some PPPs presented are reference PPPs. Detailed list of reference PPPs will be available in the forthcoming reports of 2021 ICP for Asia and the Pacific. When an economy is not able to provide prices for any of the items for any category corresponding to the available GDP expenditures, the PPP for this category is estimated using gap-filling techniques based on country-product-dummy (CPD) by the RIA.

The 2021 results are in worksheets labeled "AAA-2021," where "AAA" represents the 3-character ADB member code.

The 2017 revised results (in worksheets labeled "AAA-2017revised," where "AAA" represents the 3-character ADB member code) are based on (i) revisions in the 2017 estimates of GDP, population, and exchange rates; (ii) implementation of a new, hybrid approach of estimating actual and imputed rentals for housing; (iii) revisions in the economy base information for government compensation; (iv) updates in the underlying data to estimate productivity adjustment factors; and (v) changes in some reference PPPs, including the adoption of the two-stage referencing.

Results presented in these tables are produced by ADB as the ICP Asia and the Pacific regional implementing agency, based on data supplied by all the participating economies, in accordance with the methodology recommended by the ICP Technical Advisory Group and endorsed by the 2021 ICP Asia and the Pacific Regional Advisory Board. As such, these results are not produced by participating economies as part of the economies' official statistics.

Expenditure Categories	
Gross domestic product	AICH at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> CCEG at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> GCF at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> the FOB value of exports of goods and services <i>less</i> the FOB value of imports of goods and services.
Actual individual consumption by households	The total value of the ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG at purchasers' prices.
Food and nonalcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on food products and nonalcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It excludes expenditures on food products and nonalcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors; cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises; cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home; and products sold specifically as pet foods.
Food	Household expenditure on food products purchased for consumption at home. It excludes food products sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, etc.; cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises; cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home; and products sold specifically as pet food.
Bread and cereals	Household expenditure on rice; other cereals, flour, and other cereal products; bread; other bakery products; and pasta products and couscous, purchased for consumption at home.
Meat	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed animals and poultry meat purchased for consumption as food at home. It also includes animals and poultry purchased live for consumption as food.
Fish and seafood	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed fish and seafood purchased for consumption as food at home. It also includes fish and seafood (such as crustaceans, molluscs and other shellfish, sea snails, land crabs, land snails and frogs) purchased live for consumption as food.
Milk, cheese and eggs	Household expenditure on fresh or preserved milk, other milk products such as soya milk, cheese and curd; and egg including egg-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Oils and fats	Household expenditure on butter, margarine and other vegetable fats such as peanut butter; and other edible oils and fats purchased for consumption as food at home.
Fruit	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed fruit and fruit-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Vegetables	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed vegetable and vegetable-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery	Household expenditure on sugar and artificial sugar substitutes; jams, marmalades and honey; and chocolate, confectionery and ice cream purchased for consumption at home.
Food products n.e.c.	Household expenditure on sauces and condiments; salt, spices and culinary herbs; baby food; ready-made meals when the price only covers the cost of the product; and other food products not elsewhere classified purchased for consumption at home.
Nonalcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on nonalcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It excludes nonalcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors.
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	Household expenditure on alcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It includes low or nonalcoholic beverages which are generally alcoholic such as nonalcoholic beer, and excludes alcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors; and household expenditure on tobacco (which covers all purchases of tobacco, including purchases of tobacco in cafés, bars, restaurants, and service stations).
Alcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on alcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It includes low or nonalcoholic beverages which are generally alcoholic such as nonalcoholic beer, and excludes alcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors.
Tobacco and narcotics	Household expenditure on tobacco, including purchases of tobacco in cafés, bars, restaurants, service stations; and narcotics.
Clothing and footwear	Household expenditure on clothing materials; other articles of clothing and clothing accessories; garments for men, women, children, and infants; cleaning, repair, and hire of clothing; all footwear for men, women, children, and infants; and repair and hire of footwear.
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	Household expenditure on actual and imputed rentals for housing; maintenance and repair of the dwelling; water supply and miscellaneous services related to the dwelling; and electricity, gas, and other fuels <i>plus</i> expenditure by NPISH on housing <i>plus</i> ICEG on housing services provided to individuals.
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	Household expenditure on furniture and furnishings; carpets and other floor coverings; repair of furniture, furnishings and floor coverings; household textiles; household appliances; glassware, tableware, and household utensils; tools and equipment for house and garden; and goods and services for routine household maintenance.
Health	Household expenditure on pharmaceuticals; medical products, appliances, and equipment; outpatient services; and hospital services <i>plus</i> expenditure of NPISH on health <i>plus</i> ICEG on health benefits and reimbursements, and the production of health services.
Transportation	Household expenditure on purchase of vehicles, operation of personal transport equipment, and transport services.
Purchase of vehicles	Household expenditure on purchase of new and second-hand motor cars; motor cycles of all types, scooters and powered bicycles; bicycles and tricycles of all types; and animal-drawn vehicles, which include animals required to draw the vehicles and related equipment such as yokes, collars, harnesses, bridles, and reins.
Transport services	Household expenditure on purchases of transport services classified by mode of transport; cost of meals, snacks, drinks, refreshments or accommodation services must be included if covered by the fare and not separately priced. It includes school transport services but excludes ambulance services and package holidays.

Expenditure Categories	
Communication	Household expenditure on postal services, telephone and telefax equipment, and telephone and telefax services.
Recreation and culture	Household expenditure on audiovisual, photographic, and information processing equipment; other major durables for recreation and culture; other recreational items and equipment; gardens and pets; recreational and cultural services; newspapers, books, and stationery; and package holidays <i>plus</i> expenditure by NPISH on recreation and culture <i>plus</i> ICEG on recreation and culture.
Education	Household expenditure on pre-primary, primary, secondary, post-secondary, and tertiary education <i>plus</i> expenditure of NPISH on education <i>plus</i> ICEG on education benefits and reimbursements and the production of education services.
Restaurants and hotels	Household expenditure on food products and beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors (including cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises and cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home) and household expenditure on accommodation services provided by hotels and similar establishments.
Miscellaneous goods and services	Household expenditure on personal care, personal effects, social protection, insurance, and financial and other services <i>plus</i> expenditure by NPISH on social protection and other services <i>plus</i> ICEG on social protection.
Net purchases abroad	Purchases by residential households in the rest of the world (as tourists, people traveling on business, and government officials, crews, border and seasonal workers, diplomatic and military personal stationed abroad) less purchases by nonresidential households in the economic territory of the country (as tourists, people traveling on business, and government officials, crews, border and seasonal workers, diplomatic and military personal stationed abroad). Zero expenditure values for 'Net purchases abroad' may imply that this expenditure category is allocated under other GDP expenditure components based on the best judgments of the implementing agencies of the participating economies.
Individual consumption expenditure by government	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by government on individual goods and services. These include expenditures incurred by the government considered to be individual services such as housing, health, recreation and culture, education, and social protection.
Collective consumption expenditure by government	The final consumption expenditure of government on collective services or the service provided by the government simultaneously to all members of the community.
Gross capital formation	The total value of expenditure on GFCF, changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables.
Gross fixed capital formation	The total value of acquisitions less disposals of fixed assets by resident institutional units during the accounting period <i>plus</i> the additions to the value of nonproduced assets realized by the productive activity of resident institutional units.
Machinery and equipment	Capital expenditure on fabricated metal products, electrical and optical equipment, general-purpose machinery, special-purpose machinery, and transport equipment.
Construction	Capital expenditure on the construction of new structures and renovation of existing structures. Structures include residential buildings, nonresidential buildings, and civil engineering works.
Other products	Capital expenditure on furniture and other manufactured goods; computer software that a producer expects to use in production for more than one year; plantation, orchard, and vineyard development; change in stocks including breeding stock, draught animals, dairy cattle, and animals raised for wool clippings; land improvement, including dams and dikes that are part of flood control and irrigation projects; mineral exploration; acquisition of entertainment, literary, or artistic originals; and other intangible fixed assets such as research and development, weapons and ammunition; and ownership transfer costs on nonproduced assets, including ownership transfer costs relating to land.
Changes in inventories	The value of physical change in inventories of raw materials, supplies and finished goods held by producers; inventories of goods acquired for resale by wholesalers and retailers; inventories of all goods stored by government; work-in-progress in manufacturing, construction and service industries; work-in-progress on cultivated assets (e.g., the natural growth prior to harvest of agricultural crops, vineyards, orchards, plantations and timber tracts and the natural growth in livestock raised for slaughter).
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	Acquisitions of valuables (produced assets, such as nonmonetary gold, precious stones, antiques, paintings, sculptures and other art objects, that are not used primarily for production or consumption but purchased and held as stores of value) less disposals of valuables.
Balance of exports and imports	The FOB value of exports of goods and services <i>less</i> the FOB value of imports of goods and services.
Individual consumption expenditure by households	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by households for goods and services consumed by the households. In the context of ICP in Asia and the Pacific, also includes the individual consumption expenditure by NPISH.
Individual consumption expenditure by households without housing	ICEH and NPISH, without actual and imputed rentals for housing and excluding expenditure by NPISH on housing.
Government final consumption expenditure	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by government on individual goods and services and final consumption expenditure of government on collective services.
Domestic absorption	AICH at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> CCEG at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> GFCF at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables.
Total consumption	AICH <i>plus</i> CCEG, both at purchasers' prices.

AICH = actual individual consumption by households; CCEG = collective consumption expenditure by government; FOB = free on board; GCF = gross capital formation; GDP = gross domestic product; GFCE = government final consumption expenditure; GFCF = gross fixed capital formation; ICEG = Individual consumption expenditure by government; ICEH = individual consumption expenditure by households; NPISH = nonprofit institutions serving households; n.e.c = not elsewhere classified.
Source: Asian Development Bank (Economic Research and Development Impact Department).

2021 International Comparison Program for Asia and the Pacific

Fiji, 2021

Expenditure Category	Purchasing Power Parities (HK\$ = 1.00) (HK\$ billion)		Real Expenditure		Per Capita Real Expenditure		Nominal Expenditure		Per Capita Nominal Expenditure		Nominal Expenditure		Price Level Indexes		
	Power Parities (HK\$ = 1.00)	Shares to AP, (%)	HK\$	Index (AP = 100)	HK\$	Index (AP = 100)	Shares to AP, (%)	HK\$ billion	Index (AP = 100)	HK\$	Index (AP = 100)	Shares, (%)	Index (AP = 100)	(HKG = 100)	(AP = 100)
Gross Domestic Product	0.15	0.02	64,376	17	78	0.02	33.5	10	71	37,458	100.00	58	90	8.91	
Actual Individual Consumption by Households ^a	0.15	0.03	62,029	23	130	0.03	30.2	12	127	33,792	90.21	54	97	8.04	
Food and nonalcoholic beverages	0.15	0.04	19,055	79	184	0.04	9.5	44	192	10,683	28.52	56	104	2.54	
Food	0.15	0.04	18,750	83	185	0.04	9.1	45	191	10,217	27.27	54	103	2.43	
Bread and cereals	0.15	0.03	3,683	142	193	0.03	1.9	84	197	2,162	5.77	59	102	0.51	
Meat	0.15	0.03	2,425	31	135	0.03	1.2	17	117	1,331	3.55	55	86	0.32	
Fish and seafood	0.11	0.04	1,634	40	161	0.04	0.6	17	143	704	1.88	43	89	0.17	
Milk, cheese and eggs	0.16	0.04	2,359	221	175	0.05	1.3	224	390	1,461	3.90	62	128	0.35	
Oils and fats	0.17	0.06	968	458	279	0.06	0.5	284	250	600	1.60	62	89	0.14	
Fruit	0.14	0.05	548	26	46	0.05	0.2	13	53	278	0.74	51	115	0.07	
Vegetables	0.16	0.04	4,849	273	297	0.10	2.6	162	421	2,880	7.69	59	142	0.69	
Sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery	0.13	0.08	1,182	171	366	0.07	0.5	82	319	566	1.51	48	87	0.13	
Food products n.e.c.	0.15	0.04	417	19	62	0.02	0.2	11	69	235	0.63	56	112	0.06	
Nonalcoholic beverages	0.25	0.05	506	33	159	0.05	0.4	31	208	1,24	1.24	92	131	0.11	
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	0.31	0.12	4,749	296	526	0.19	4.9	345	826	5,538	14.78	117	157	1.32	
Alcoholic beverages	0.35	0.63	3,936	495	2,739	0.69	4.6	646	2,987	5,145	13.74	131	109	1.22	
Tobacco and narcotics	0.39	0.02	271	33	26	0.02	0.4	48	79	393	1.05	145	307	0.09	
Clothing and footwear	0.18	0.03	1,695	15	118	0.02	1.0	10	97	1,154	3.08	68	82	0.27	
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels ^a	0.09	0.01	6,854	15	64	0.01	2.0	5	54	2,197	5.87	32	83	0.52	
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	0.20	0.04	2,219	16	174	0.04	1.5	12	173	1,642	4.38	74	99	0.39	
Health ^a	0.09	0.02	5,416	20	85	0.02	1.7	83	7	1,904	5.08	35	98	0.45	
Transportation	0.16	0.02	3,853	34	88	0.02	2.285	20	91	1,265	2.98	72	114	0.27	
Purchase of vehicles	0.19	0.03	1,541	59	128	0.03	1.1	42	145	1,116	2.98	72	114	0.27	
Transport services	0.16	0.03	1,405	33	119	0.03	0.8	20	139	843	2.25	60	117	0.20	
Communication	0.21	0.03	1,600	18	143	0.04	1.1	14	168	1,265	3.38	79	117	0.30	
Recreation and culture ^a	0.21	0.03	337	1	34	0.01	0.2	1	34	262	0.70	78	99	0.06	
Education ^a	0.10	0.04	9,352	49	171	0.03	3.3	19	132	3,649	9.74	39	77	0.87	
Restaurants and hotels	0.25	0.01	143	7	7	0.00	0.1	1	10	135	0.36	94	135	0.03	
Miscellaneous goods and services ^a	0.18	0.02	4,582	7	93	0.02	2.8	5	83	3,078	8.22	67	90	0.73	
Net purchases abroad	0.27	-	-	n.a.	-	-	-	n.a.	-	-	-	100	100	-	
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Government	0.12	0.03	6,716	35	140	0.02	2.8	16	103	3,121	8.33	46	74	0.74	
Collective Consumption Expenditure by Government	0.14	0.04	10,857	37	171	0.03	5.1	19	124	5,722	15.27	53	73	1.36	
Gross Capital Formation	0.16	0.01	13,191	20	48	0.01	7.3	13	40	8,140	21.73	62	84	1.94	
Gross fixed capital formation	0.28	0.01	11,966	18	45	0.01	6.5	11	37	7,468	19.40	61	83	1.73	
Machinery and equipment	0.11	0.01	2,487	17	58	0.01	2.3	18	53	2,575	6.87	104	91	0.61	
Construction	0.11	0.01	9,962	24	42	0.01	3.6	10	33	4,066	10.86	41	79	0.97	
Other products	0.29	0.05	582	7	27	0.01	0.6	7	25	627	1.67	108	92	0.15	
Changes in inventories	0.20	0.04	1,157	-449	154	0.03	0.8	-339	139	872	2.33	75	90	0.21	
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	0.27	-	-	n.a.	-	-	-	n.a.	-	-	-	100	100	-	
Balance of Exports and Imports	0.27	-0.20	-10,196	-47	-853	-0.20	-9.1	-47	-853	-10,196	-27.22	100	100	-2.43	
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households ^b	0.15	0.03	55,233	22	129	0.03	27.4	12	130	30,671	81.88	56	101	7.30	
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households without Housing ^b	0.16	0.03	46,990	22	132	0.03	25.9	14	138	29,003	77.43	62	104	6.90	
Government Final Consumption Expenditure	0.13	0.04	17,794	36	158	0.03	8.843	18	116	8,843	23.61	50	73	2.10	
Domestic Absorption	0.15	0.02	85,193	23	103	0.02	42.6	13	92	127.22	127.22	56	89	11.34	
Total Consumption	0.14	0.03	72,631	24	135	0.03	35.3	13	126	39,514	105.49	54	93	9.40	

Reference Data

Exchange rate (LCU / HK\$)	0.27
Total Population (in million)	0.89
Population Share to AP (%)	0.02

0.00 = magnitude is less than half of the unit employed; - = magnitude equals zero.

AP = Asia and the Pacific; HK\$ = Hong Kong dollar; HKG = Hong Kong, China; LCU = local currency units; n.a. = not applicable; n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

^a Includes individual consumption expenditure by households, nonprofit institutions serving households, and government.

^b Includes expenditure by nonprofit institutions serving households.

Notes:

1. Each real aggregate value is derived by using a purchasing power parity that is specific to that aggregate, so real aggregates may not sum up to the total of their real components for an economy.

2. Expenditure aggregates presented in local currency units are the best possible estimates provided by the participating economies, using most recent available data sources, and some of these aggregates may be different from the published expenditure estimates by the economies.

3. Data for mid-year population estimates and exchange rates were supplied by the participating economies for the International Comparison Program.

Source: Asian Development Bank estimates.

2021 International Comparison Program for Asia and the Pacific
Fiji, 2017 Revised

Expenditure Category	Purchasing Power Parities (HK\$ = 1.00)		Real Expenditure		Per Capita Real Expenditure		Nominal Expenditure		Per Capita Nominal Expenditure		Nominal Expenditure Shares, (%)		Price Level Indexes	
	0.15	0.15	71.5	0.03	80,799	22	126	41.7	0.03	47,152	13	118	100.00	58
Gross Domestic Product	0.15	0.15	71.5	0.03	80,799	22	126	41.7	0.03	47,152	13	118	100.00	58
Actual Individual Consumption by Households ^a	0.15	0.15	51.5	0.04	58,156	23	157	29.4	0.04	33,189	13	161	70.39	57
Food and nonalcoholic beverages	0.17	0.17	13.4	0.05	15,183	62	198	8.4	0.05	9,535	39	221	20.22	63
Food	0.18	0.18	1.8	0.04	2,076	116	174	1.3	0.04	1,523	79	204	3.23	68
Bread and cereals	0.19	0.19	1.0	0.03	1,170	26	146	0.5	0.04	606	14	151	1.29	52
Fish and seafood	0.21	0.21	1.6	0.04	1,829	195	373	1.3	0.06	1,435	216	273	3.04	78
Milk, cheese and eggs	0.15	0.15	0.4	0.01	418	21	50	0.2	0.01	278	14	62	0.59	58
Oils and fats	0.18	0.18	3.7	0.08	4,145	270	330	2.0	0.09	2,273	148	395	4.82	66
Fruit	0.13	0.13	1.0	0.15	4,589	223	650	4.1	0.21	4,615	224	891	9.79	55
Vegetables	0.18	0.18	0.3	0.02	311	8	66	0.2	0.02	214	5	77	0.45	69
Sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery	0.24	0.24	0.5	0.05	600	37	231	0.5	0.07	532	33	300	1.13	89
Food products n.e.c.	0.27	0.27	4.1	0.15	4,589	223	650	4.1	0.21	4,615	224	891	9.79	101
Nonalcoholic beverages	0.42	0.42	2.3	0.41	2,636	209	1,753	3.7	0.61	4,153	329	2,641	8.81	158
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	0.18	0.18	0.6	0.02	683	85	83	0.4	0.03	462	58	128	0.98	68
Tobacco and narcotics	0.20	0.20	1.7	0.03	1,942	16	146	1.3	0.03	1,461	12	140	3.10	75
Clothing and footwear	0.08	0.08	6.0	0.02	6,794	17	85	1.9	0.02	2,172	5	71	4.61	32
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels ^a	0.21	0.21	2.1	0.05	2,333	18	219	1.2	0.05	1,884	15	229	4.00	81
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	0.09	0.09	3.6	0.02	4,041	19	81	1.2	0.02	1,374	6	83	2.91	34
Health ^a	0.16	0.16	4.3	0.03	4,833	28	132	2.6	0.03	2,894	17	142	6.14	60
Transportation	0.32	0.32	0.8	0.03	869	36	119	0.9	0.04	1,046	43	164	2.22	120
Purchase of vehicles	0.15	0.15	2.4	0.05	2,723	25	219	1.3	0.06	1,503	14	248	3.19	55
Transport services	0.13	0.13	2.3	0.06	2,633	44	255	1.1	0.05	1,285	21	200	2.73	49
Communication	0.20	0.20	0.6	0.02	630	2	70	0.4	0.01	468	2	61	0.99	74
Recreation and culture ^a	0.12	0.12	7.4	0.05	8,414	51	205	3.4	0.05	3,849	23	213	8.16	46
Education ^a	0.19	0.19	0.5	0.01	565	3	34	0.4	0.01	403	2	38	0.85	71
Restaurants and hotels	0.18	0.18	3.6	0.02	4,056	8	107	2.4	0.02	2,718	5	99	5.76	67
Miscellaneous goods and services ^a	0.27	0.27	-	-	-	n.a.	-	-	-	-	n.a.	-	-	100
Net purchases abroad	0.12	0.12	5.8	0.04	6,584	48	173	2.5	0.03	2,876	21	132	6.10	44
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Government	0.13	0.13	11.5	0.06	12,996	60	240	5.5	0.04	6,215	29	174	13.18	48
Collective Consumption Expenditure by Government	0.17	0.17	14.1	0.02	15,913	20	76	8.9	0.02	10,102	13	67	21.42	63
Gross Capital Formation	0.27	0.27	12.8	0.02	14,512	19	72	8.0	0.01	9,062	12	62	19.22	62
Gross fixed capital formation	0.27	0.27	2.8	0.02	3,136	14	80	2.8	0.02	3,134	14	74	6.65	100
Machinery and equipment	0.12	0.12	10.8	0.02	12,204	25	74	4.7	0.01	5,345	11	61	11.34	44
Construction	0.26	0.26	1.1	0.05	1,283	86	199	0.9	0.05	1,040	70	215	2.21	81
Other products	0.21	0.21	1.1	0.05	1,283	86	199	0.9	0.05	1,040	70	215	2.21	81
Changes in inventories	0.27	0.27	-	-	-	n.a.	-	-	-	-	n.a.	-	-	100
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	0.27	0.27	-2.1	-0.08	-2,353	-65	-363	-2.1	-0.08	-2,353	-65	-363	-4.99	100
Balance of Exports and Imports	0.16	0.16	45.9	0.04	51,823	21	155	26.8	0.04	30,313	13	164	64.29	58
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households ^b	0.17	0.17	39.0	0.04	44,028	21	158	25.6	0.04	28,879	14	175	61.25	66
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households without Housing ^b	0.12	0.12	17.6	0.05	19,839	56	214	8.0	0.04	9,091	26	158	19.28	46
Government Final Consumption Expenditure	0.15	0.15	75.7	0.03	85,544	24	134	43.8	0.03	49,506	14	126	104.99	58
Domestic Absorption	0.15	0.15	62.1	0.04	70,197	25	167	34.9	0.04	39,404	14	163	83.57	56
Total Consumption	0.15	0.15	62.1	0.04	70,197	25	167	34.9	0.04	39,404	14	163	83.57	56

Reference Data

Exchange rate (LCU / HK\$)	0.27
Total Population (in million)	0.88
Population Share to AP (%)	0.02

- = magnitude equals zero.

AP = Asia and the Pacific; HK\$ = Hong Kong dollar; LCU = local currency units; n.a. = not applicable; n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

^a Includes individual consumption expenditure by households, nonprofit institutions serving households, and government.

^b Includes expenditure by nonprofit institutions serving households.

Notes:

1. Each real aggregate value is derived by using a purchasing power parity that is specific to that aggregate, so real aggregates may not sum up to the total of their real components for an economy.

2. Expenditure aggregates presented in local currency units are the best possible estimates provided by the participating economies, using most recent available data sources, and some of these aggregates may be different from the published expenditure estimates by the economies.

3. Data for mid-year population estimates and exchange rates were supplied by the International Comparison Program.

Source: Asian Development Bank estimates.